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UNIT SECURITIES AND E.

Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

OMB APPROVAL

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8-65585

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE	PERIOD BEGINNI	NG 01/01/07	AND EN	DING 12/	31/07	
		MM/D	D/YY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	MM/DD/YY	
	A.	REGISTRANT ID	ENTIFICATION			
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Pro Securities, LLC				OFFICIAL USE ONL'		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)					FIRM I.D. NO.	
194 Nassa	u Street				·	
		(No. and	Street)			
Princeton		New Jer	New Jersey		08542	
	(City) (State)		(Zip Code)			
		OF PERSON TO CON	TACT IN REGARD TO			
Richard Pa	aolillo			(609)		
			. ==	(Area	Code - Telephone Numb	
	В. А	ACCOUNTANT II	ENTIFICATION		· 	
INDEPENDENT PU		NT whose opinion is c	ontained in this Report*			
WICHUMSMI	CII+BLOWII	(Name – if individua	l, state last, first, middle name			
Out of Country	(1)		·		08901	
One Sprin	g Street N	ew Brunswick (City)	New	Jersey (State)	(Zip Code)	
(Address)		(City)		(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:				PROCE	QQED	
🔀 Certi:	fied Public Accounta	int		₽ NOOE		
🗖 Publi	c Accountant			MAR 18	2008	
Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.			THOMSON (
Acco					AAL —	



^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, David Mitchell	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of				
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial stateme Pro Securities, LLC	: as				
of December 31 ,20	07 _, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that				
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal of classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:					
	Se MAHIBANIO				
- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Signature				
•	Chief Financial Officer				
<u> </u>	Title				
Notary Public 6-15-2011					
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):					
(a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition.					
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).					
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.					
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Par					
☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to (☐ (g) Computation of Net Capital.	Claims of Creditors.				
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirem	ents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.				
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.					
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements.	f the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the				
	Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of				
consolidation.	•				
(1) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.					
	exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.				

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



WithumSmith+Brown
A Professional Corporation
Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Public Report

PRO SECURITIES, LLC

(a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Order Execution Services Holding, Inc.)

Statement of Financial Condition

With Independent Auditors' Report

and

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption From SEC Rule 15c3-3



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Additional Offices in New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors, Order Execution Services Holdings, Inc.:

We have audited the statement of financial condition of Pro Securities, LLC (a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Order Execution Services Holdings, Inc.), as of December 31, 2007. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Pro Securities, LLC, as of December 31, 2007 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

February 12, 2008

Withem Smeth + Brown, PC

Pro Securities, LLC (a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Order Execution Services Holdings, Inc.) Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2007

Assets		
Cash	\$	92,350
Deposits at clearing organizations		214,131
Receivables from customer, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,214		135,407
Other assets		6,169
	\$	448,057
	*	440,037
Liabilities and Member's Equity		
Accounts payable	\$	762
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		18,000
Due to Parent and affiliates		9,189
		27,951
Member's equity		420,106
	\$	448,057

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Pro Securities, LLC (a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Order Execution Services Holdings, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statement December 31, 2007

1. Organization

Pro Securities, LLC (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company was formed under the Limited Liability Company laws of the State of California. The Company is a single-purpose broker-dealer acting as the outbound router exchange facility of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange ("Phlx"). The Company is primarily engaged in providing optional routing services to Phlx participants. The Company's services are employed by the Phlx in order to assist it in satisfying its obligations under Regulation NMS. The Company is a member of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue Recognition

The Company records proprietary transactions in securities and the related revenue and expenses on a trade-date basis.

In conjunction with the services the Company provides, it is subject to certain fees, such as Section 31 transaction fees, that it passes along to its customers. The Company follows Emerging Issues Task Force 99-19 "Reporting Revenue Gross as a Principal versus Net as an Agent", and has determined that it is the primary obligor in the arrangement and accordingly includes these amounts in gross revenue and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Receivables and Credit Policy

Receivables are obligations due from the customer under terms requiring payments up to sixty days from the service date. The Company does not accrue interest on unpaid receivables. Customer receivable balances with invoice dates over ninety days are reviewed for delinquency. Management reviews these accounts taking into consideration the size of the outstanding balance and the past history with the customer. Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from balances outstanding at year end. The carrying amount of receivables is reduced by a valuation allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amount that will not be collected.

Payments of accounts receivable are allocated to specific invoices identified on the customer's remittance advice or, if unspecified, are applied to earliest unpaid invoices.

The Company provides for a general reserve for uncollectible accounts receivable at 3 percent of the gross balance outstanding. However, included in accounts receivable are approximately \$58,000 of charges to the customer that have been outstanding for greater than 90 days, on average. The Company has not recorded a specific reserve against such amounts because management believes the amounts are collectible. The Company believes that any subsequent loss associated with these unpaid charges will not materially affect the financial position or operations of the Company, and will have no impact on the Company's regulatory net capital computation.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains cash balances, with financial institutions in amounts which, at times, are more than amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Management monitors the soundness of these institutions and considers the Company's risk negligible. As described in Note 1, 100 percent of the Company's revenue and receivables are derived from transactions with the Philadelphia Stock Exchange.

Pro Securities, LLC (a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Order Execution Services Holdings, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statement December 31, 2007

3. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of the greater of \$5,000 or 6-2/3 percent of aggregate indebtedness. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change from day to day. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$273,530, which was \$268,530 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000.

4. Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities include the execution and settlement of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

5. Related Party and Affiliated Transactions

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Order Execution Services Holdings, Inc. (the "Parent") and shares common management with all of the Parent's other wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries, which include: ABS Brokerage Services LLC, ISE Route LLC, Order Execution Services LLC, Princeton Financial Technology Group LLC, and OTR LLC.

The Company has an expense sharing arrangement with the Parent and the other affiliated companies. Under the provisions of the expense sharing arrangement, certain common expenses are paid by the Parent and affiliates and allocated to the Company. During the year, the Parent and other affiliated companies paid \$362,287 of general and administrative costs on behalf of the Company. The Company also pays OTR, LLC a monthly fee of \$6,500 for systems and programs maintenance support, which totaled \$71,500 for the year and is included in equipment expense in the statement of operations.

Additionally, the Company uses the broker-dealer services of two affiliates to route orders, and as such incurs clearing and exchange fees. Included in clearing and exchange fees in the statement of operations is \$150 charged from these affiliates.

At December 31, 2007, the Company had \$9,189 of non-interest bearing loans payable to the Parent and affiliates.

8. Income Taxes - Allocated from Parent

The Company is a single-member LLC and its taxable income (loss) is included in the Parent's consolidated tax return. The benefit from income taxes presented in the statement of operations represents the Company's share of the Parent's current and deferred income taxes, and is allocated based on an informal tax sharing arrangement, which allocates that benefit or provision based on the Company's taxes as if it filed its own tax returns. Included in due to Parent and affiliates is \$45,418, which represents the benefit the Parent will receive in the future from the current period loss generated by the Company.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is party to an agreement with the Philadelphia Stock Exchange to provide outbound routing services. This agreement provides for the reimbursement of costs incurred by the Company to setup and operate the outbound router facility and continues through December 31, 2008, thereafter the agreement automatically renews for one year periods. Additionally, the agreement has a revenue sharing component which provides PhIx with 65 percent of the net revenue earned, subject to a monthly minimum revenue floor.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an **Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3**

To the Board of Directors. Order Execution Services Holdings, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Pro Securities, LLC, (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Order Execution Services Holdings, Inc.) as of December 31, 2007 and for the year then ended, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment of securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-referenced objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of Pro Securities, LLC, to achieve all the divisions of duties and crosschecks generally included in an internal control and that, alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 12, 2008

Withem Smith + Brown, PC

END